Into the Rabbithole—

Evolved Web Application Security Testing

Rafal M. Los - Security Evangelist, HP Application Security

Rafal@hp.com - @Wh1t3Rabbit

When I first came here, this was all swamp. Everyone said I was daft to build a castle on a swamp, but I built in all the same, just to show them.
It sank into the swamp.
So I built a second one. That sank into the swamp.
So I built a third. That burned down, fell over, then sank into the swamp.
But the fourth one stayed up. And that's what you're going to get, Lad, the strongest castle in all of England.

Monty Python & the Holy Grail (King of Swamp Castle)

Let's descend down the rabbit-hole

OR

Better testing through evolved automation

Automation: Love & Hate

Web App Sec has a
LOVE | HATE
relationship with automation

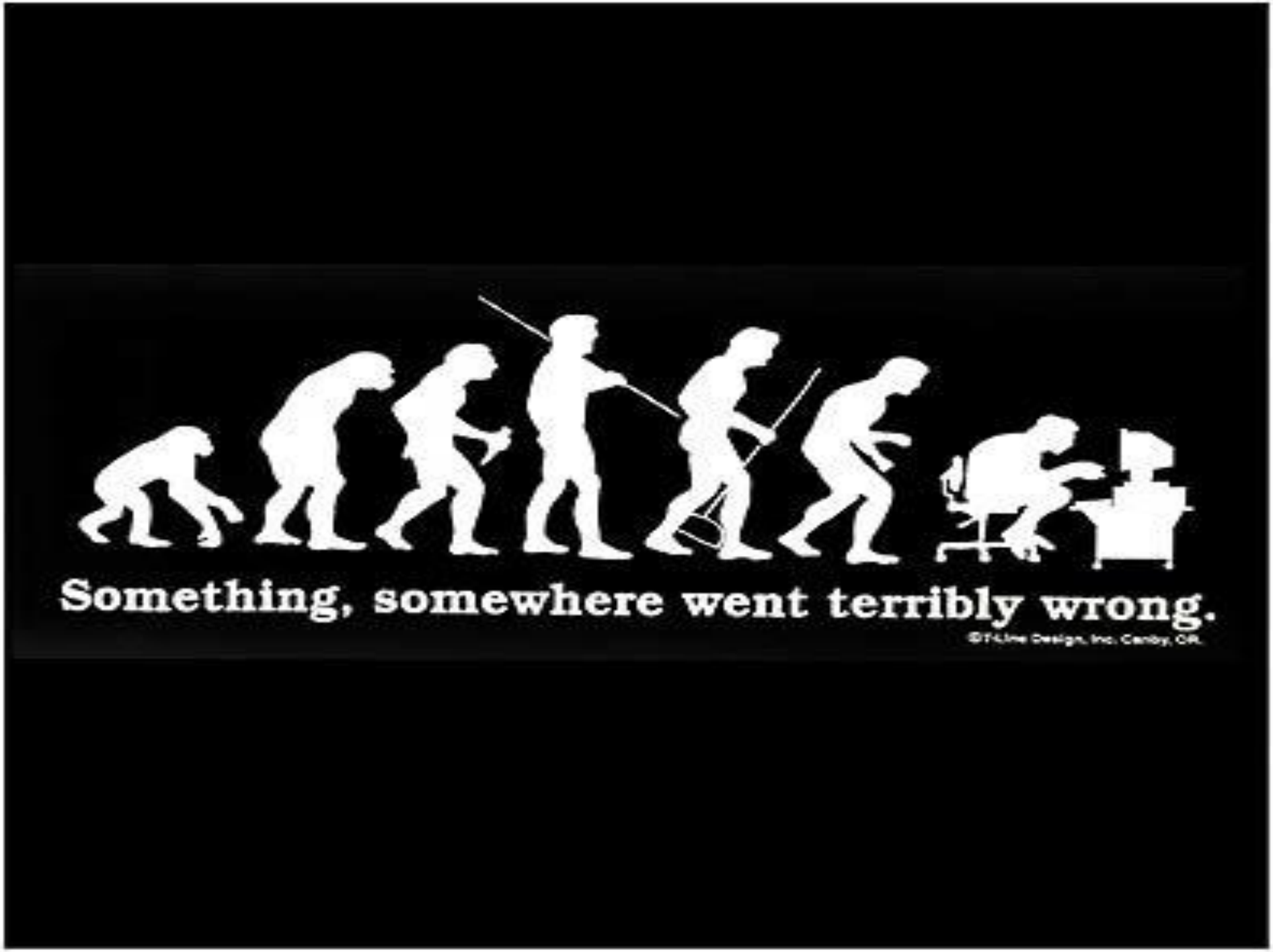
LOVE

- ✓ Automation speeds defect identification
- ✓ Scanning is fast, quickly producing results

HATE

- ✓ Attack surface coverage unclear*
- ✓ Confuse automation's purpose

More on the coverage problem shortly…


Something, somewhere went terribly wrong.

Understanding Automation

Battle lines *(the classic arguments)*

– Humans offer intelligence

– Automation offers limited scope

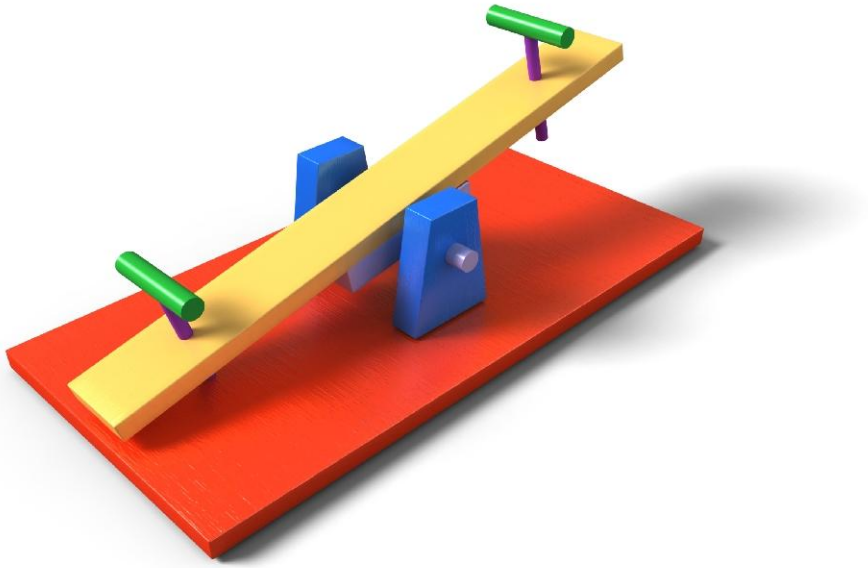
Benefits of automation

– Scalability: Analysis speed, coverage, processing

– Complexity: Applications are increasingly process-driven

So What?

We've reached
a tipping point



Why Did My Scanner Miss X?

Two **real** reasons

- X required a specific sequence, or **FLOW**
- X required **DATA** to get there

Data + Flow → no excuses

- IF tools have **data** + **logic**… the result is "smarter" automation
- No more "crawl n' hope"

“Radical” Testing Methodology

point n’ scan web application security testing

ENLIGHTENED METHODOLOGY

- Application functional mapping w/data
- Layered automation-infused testing
- Concrete metrics & KPIs


Do what you do...
only smarter

Application Functional Mapping with Data

Defect vs. Vulnerability

How many of you have ever performed functional testing ?

Functional vs. Security Testing

QA TEAM	INFOSECURITY TEAM
Functions known	Functions unknown
Application understood	Application unknown
Rely on functional specifications	Rely on crawlers + experience + luck
Coverage known	Coverage unknown
Highlight key business logic	Highlight “found” functionality

Hard Lessons Learned

Security analysts, tools [today] aren't equipped to properly test **highly complex** applications…

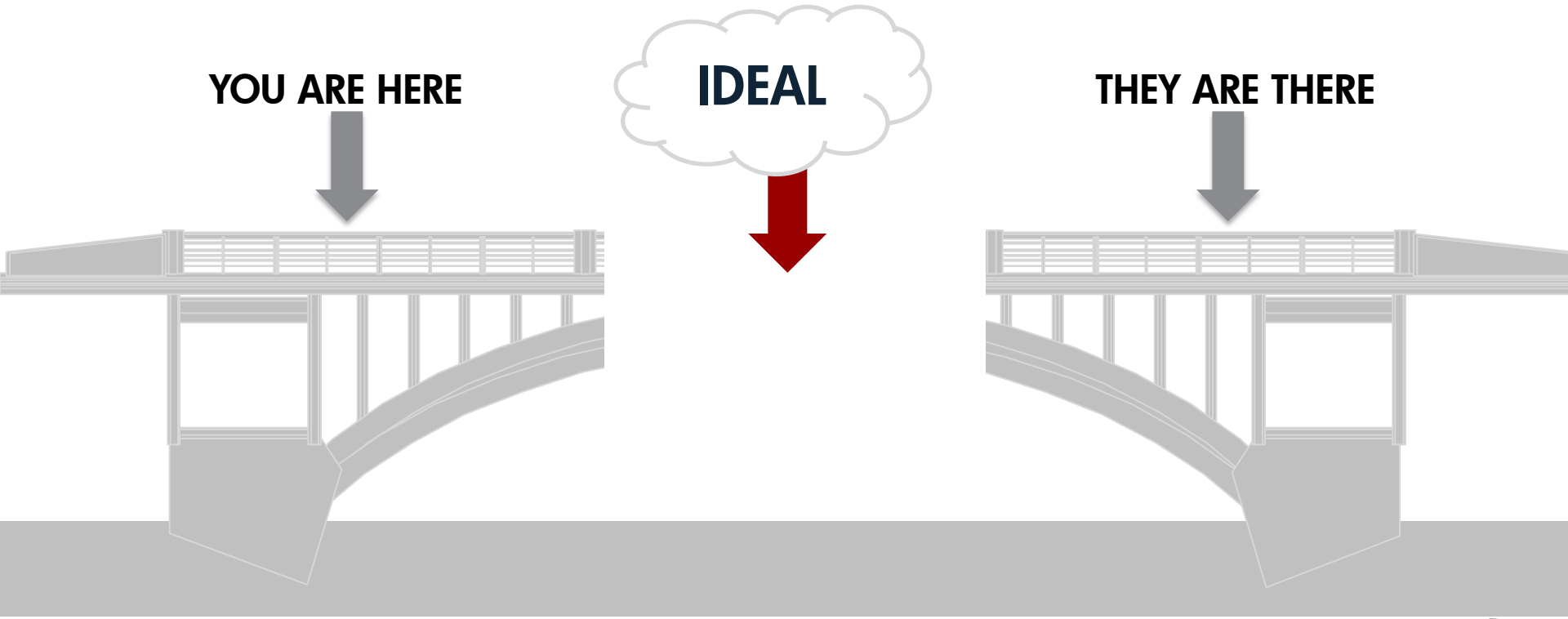
MISSING PIECES

- Understanding of application
- Functional mapping of application
- Application execution flow
- Valid test data

Bridging the Gaps

Is the kitchen-sink attack working?

Hint: It used to…not anymore



As All This Is Happening—
Technology Drives Forward…

Application State Is Changing

HTTP State

- Session/Cookie State
- Server State

Client State

- JavaScript State
- Silverlight/Flash State

Impossible to decouple HTTP from Client State

You can't just crawl/guess your way through a **modern, complex** application

Proposed Approach

Combine **functional** + **security** testing, compensating for technology

- Address **technology** complexities
  - Session states
  - Code-complexity
- Address **functional** complexities
  - Mapping application function as execution flows
  - Mapping data for driving execution flows

Incoming *New* Automation Technology!

Standards & Specifications

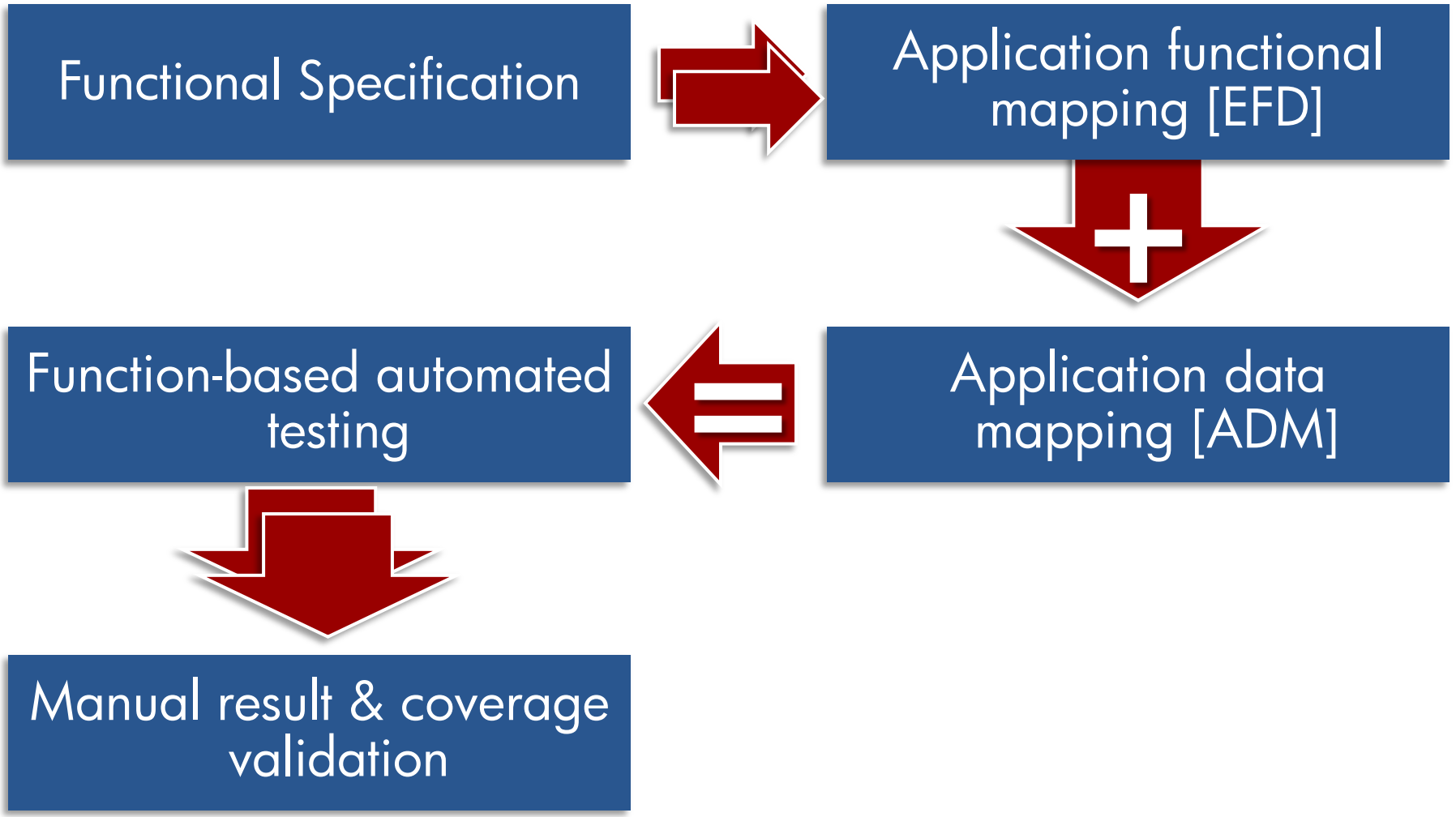
EFD

Execution Flow Diagram – Functional paths through the application logic

ADM

Application Data Mapping – Mapping data requirements against functional paths

Improving the Testing Process



Basics of the EFD & ADM

Basic EFD Concepts

Graph(s) of *flows through the application*

- Nodes represent application *states*
- Edges represent different *actions*
- Paths between nodes represent *state changes*
- A set of paths is a *flow*

Execution Flow Action Types

What is an **action**?

- **Something** that causes a change in **state**
- A human, server or browser-driven event

Three types of actions

- Direct
- Supplemental
- Indirect

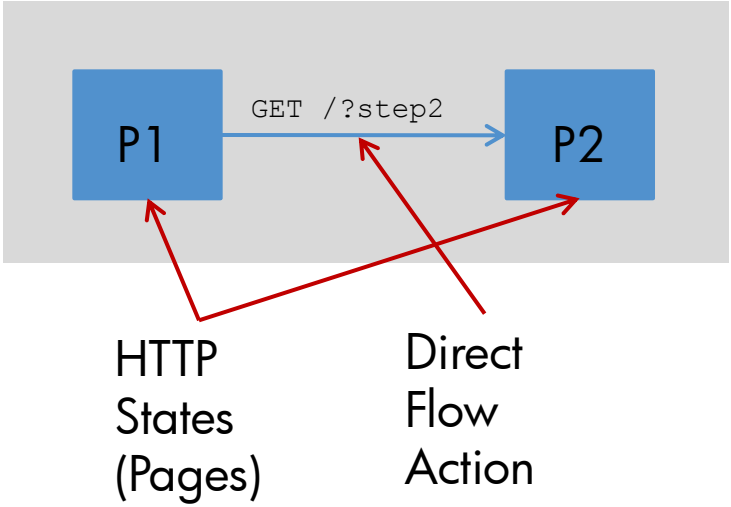
Direct Flow Actions

Actions which change the browser's document context

- Causes an entirely new browser page

Examples-

- Following hyperlink
- Click login button



Supplemental Flow Actions

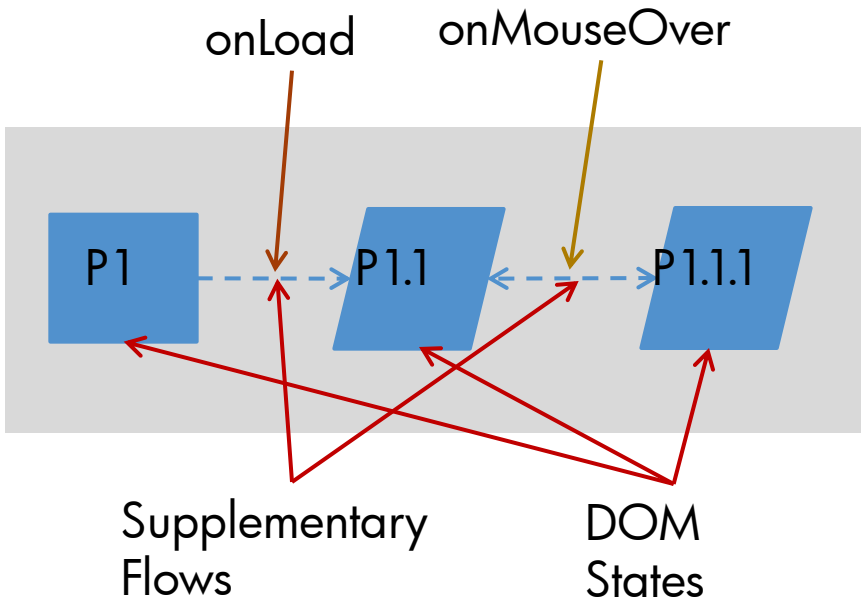
Actions that change the state of the current document

- Client-side action, maintaining browser page

Examples:

– JavaScript menu

– Flash client event



Indirect Flow Actions

Actions **automatically triggered** by document context

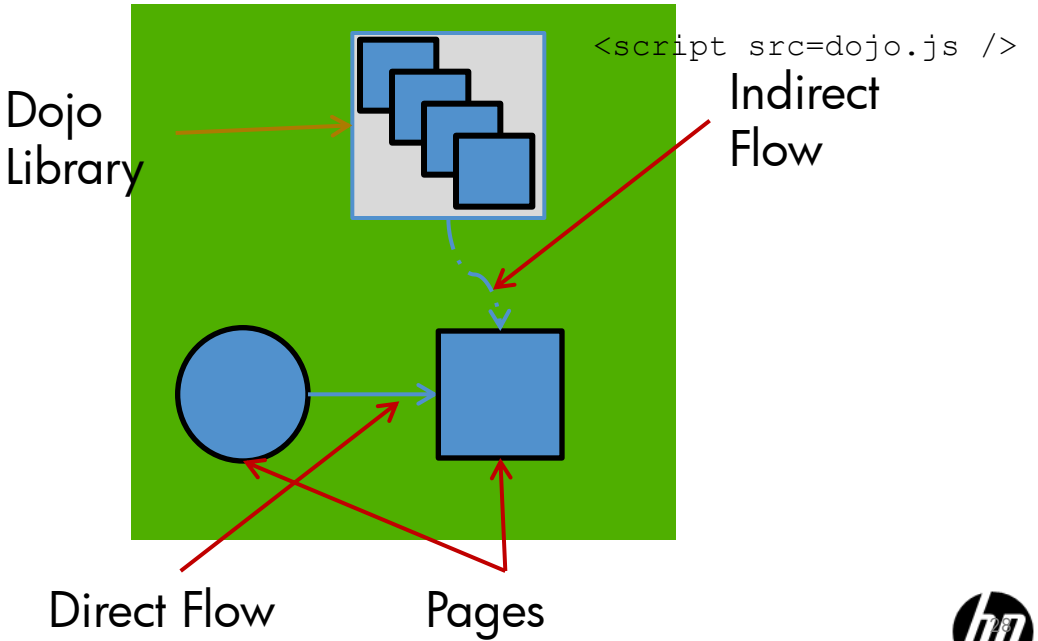
- Usually for supporting data, modifying document state

Examples:

– Site analytics (js)

– Stock ticker

– XMLHTTPrequest



Basic ADM Concepts

An Application Data Map [ADM] defines flows with the context of data

WHY?

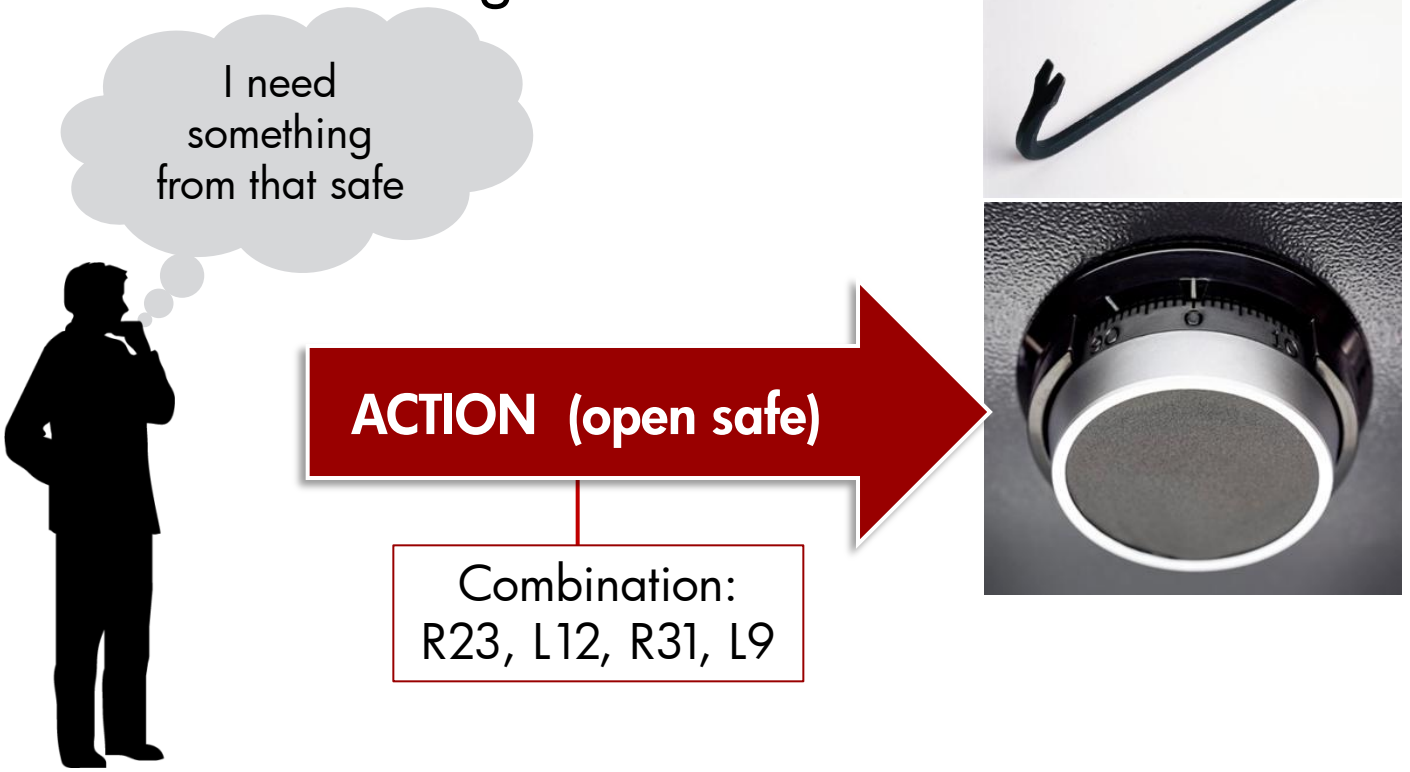
- Flows mean nothing without **DATA***
- Data should be **interchangeable**
  - Monitoring requests make this impossible – no context
- Data can be direct or indirect

**Where not specifically defined within an action (at the edge) the data values are assumed to be arbitrary*

ADM + EFD Visually

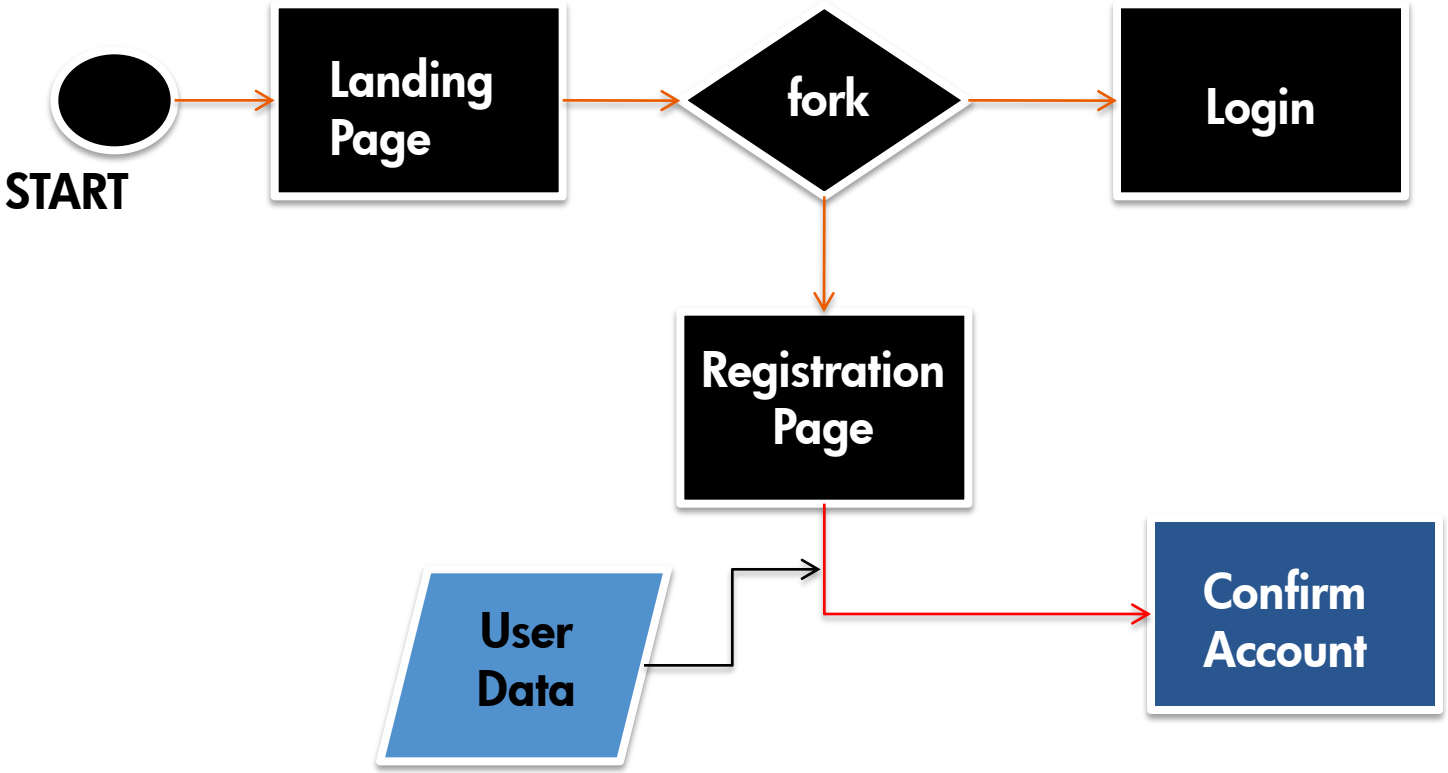
Retrieve something from a safe:

1. Map the action
2. Add data (context) necessary to execute
3. Execute action using data



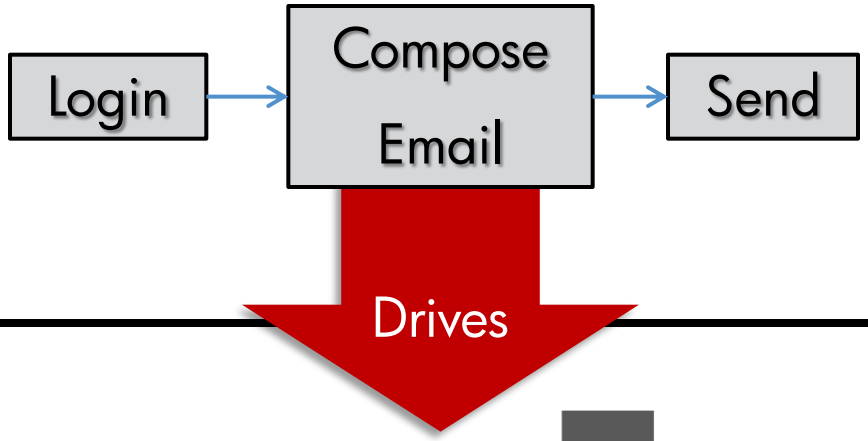
ADM & EFD

Another example: Web site registration

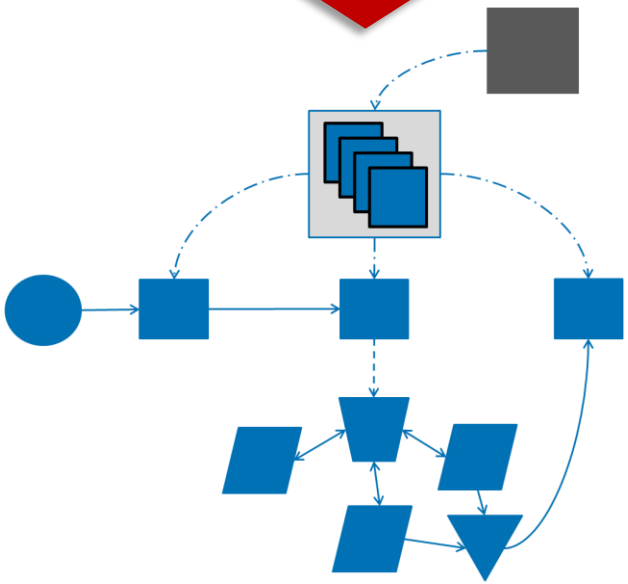


Putting It All Together (1)

Functional Level

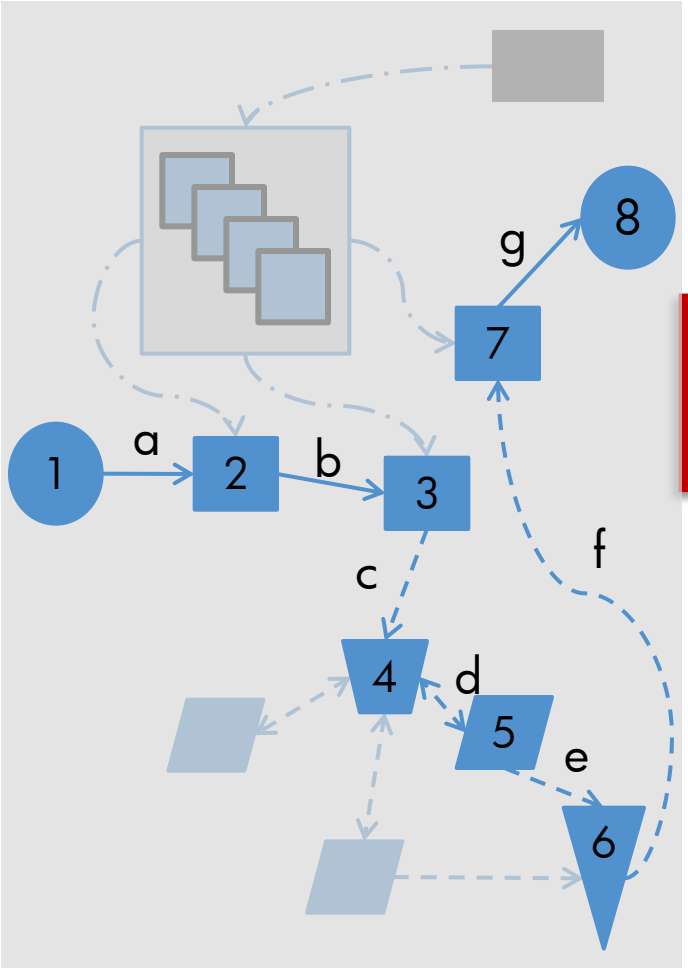


Technical Level



Putting It All Together (2)

EFD

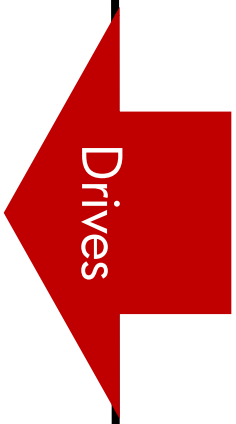


Drives

	JS DOM	HTTP
a		GET /
b		GET /?Login
c		GET /?Compose
d	onKeyPressed (160 times)	
e	DIV.onMouseOver	
f	LI.onChange	
g	FORM.submit()	GET /?Send

Putting It All Together (3)

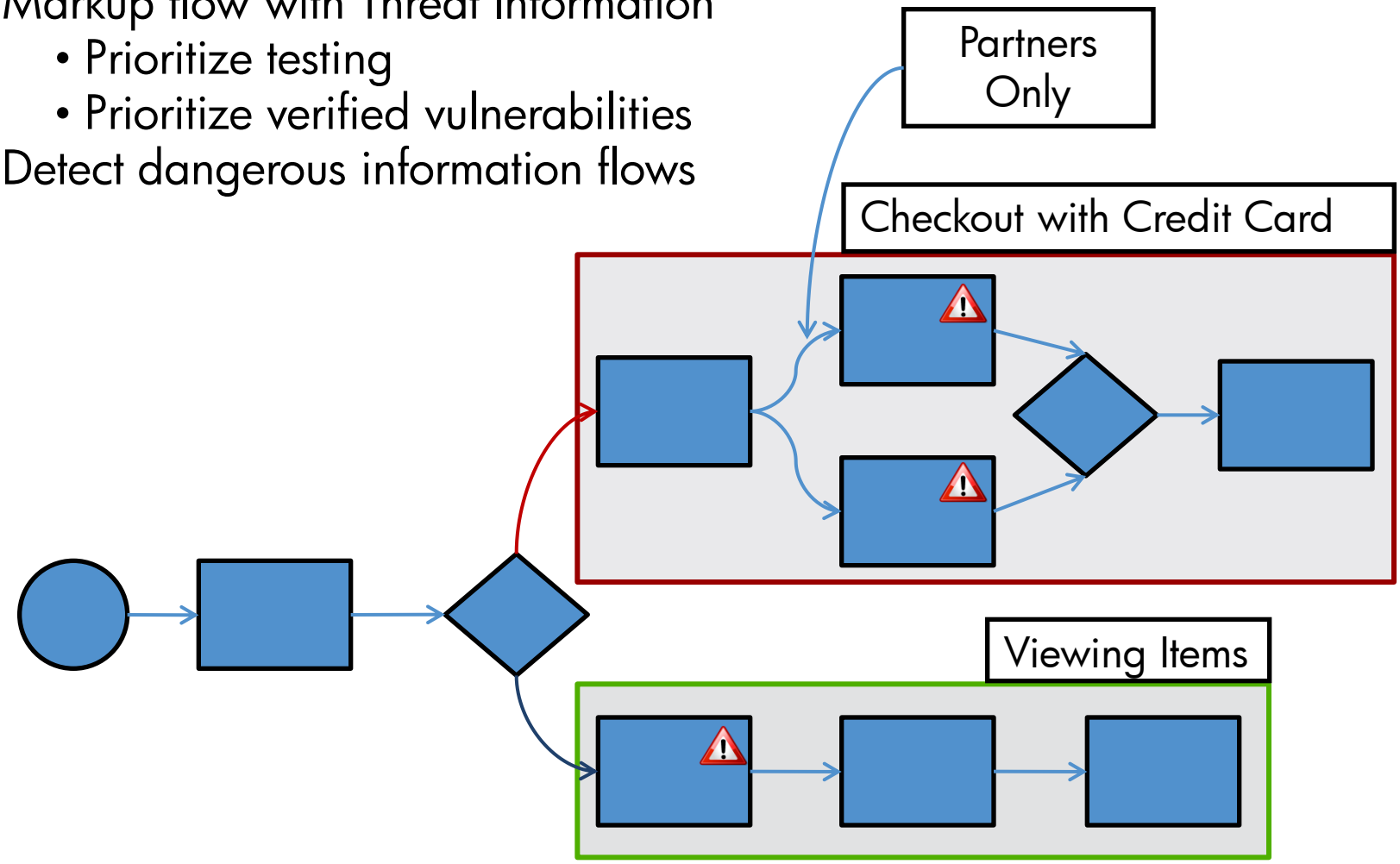
	JS DOM	HTTP	Data
a		GET /	N/A
b		GET /?Login	User,Pass,Captcha
c		GET /?Compose	N/A
d	onKeyPressed (160 times)		Email_Text
e	DIV.onMouseOver		N/A
f	LI.onChange		Send_To_Address
g	BTN.onClick	GET /?Send	N/A



Applications of Execution Flow Diagrams

Flow Based Threat Analysis

- Markup flow with Threat Information
  - Prioritize testing
  - Prioritize verified vulnerabilities
- Detect dangerous information flows



Coverage Analysis

Flows defined by functional specification can be compared to security testing to determine gaps!

Q: “How much of the application was tested?”

A: “The scanner was able to test 8 of the 12 flows, we need to find out why/where it broke down”

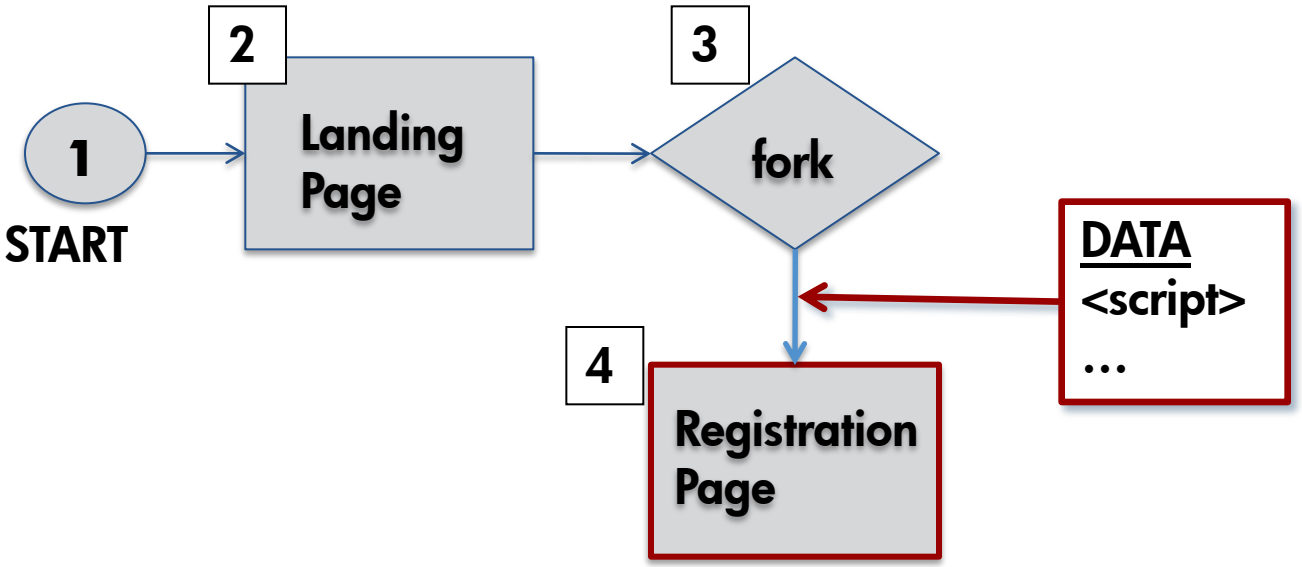
→ EFD can be referenced to determined where

→ ADM can be referenced to determine why

Flow-Based Reproduction

Demonstrate *exactly* how to reproduce a defect…

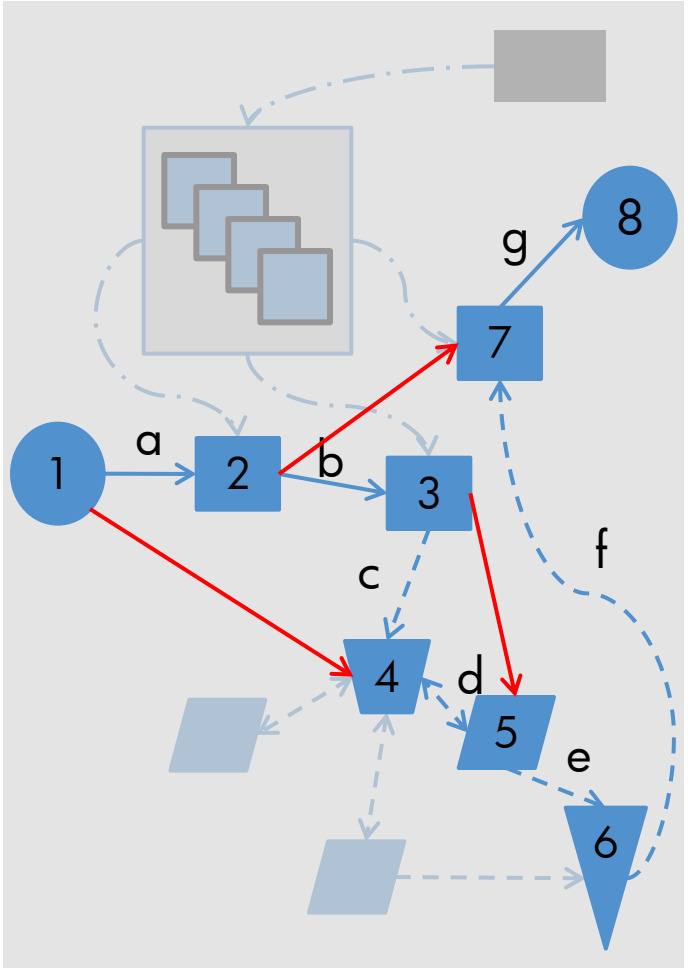
- Demonstrate where application failed
  - Steps executed
  - Data used



Dysfunctional Use of EFD

Vulnerabilities happen when using the application in an unintended way.

If we know the right logic paths…



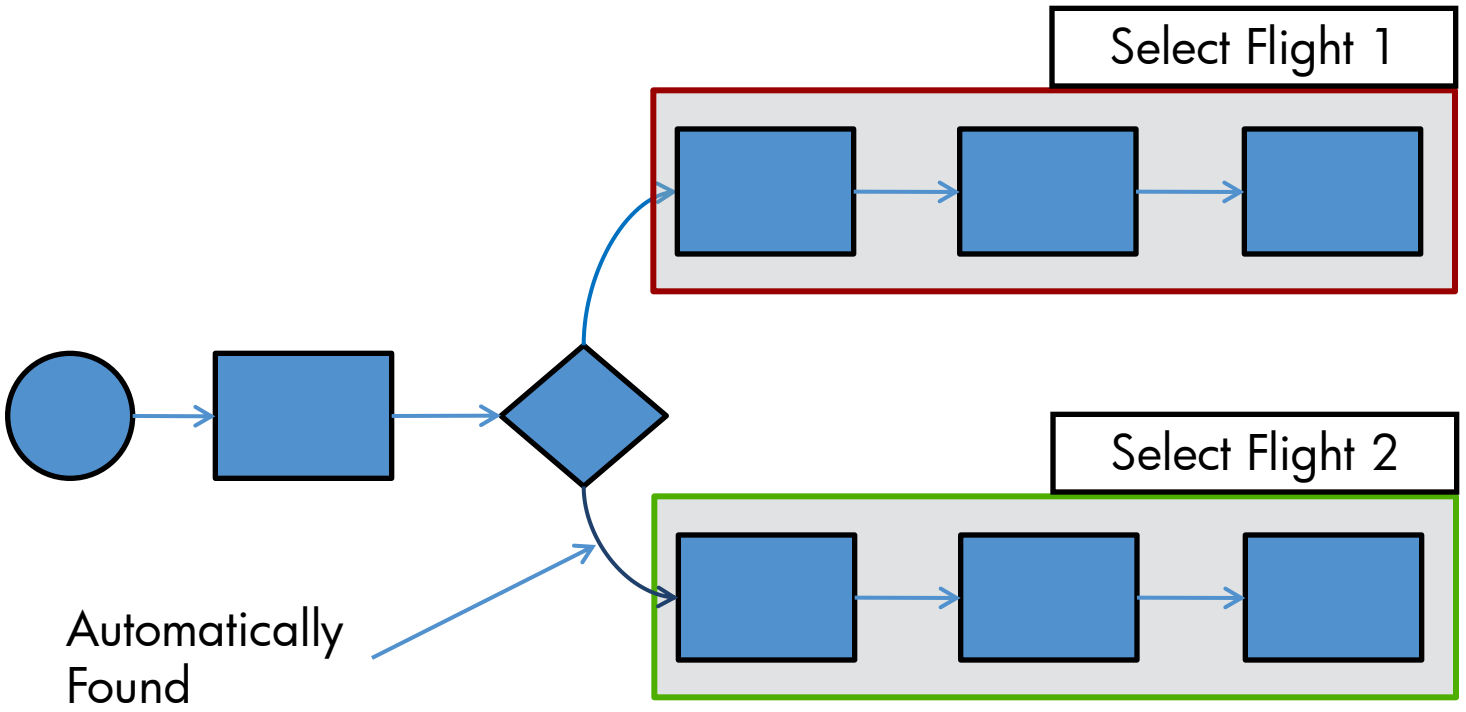
Next Generation Automation

Automation of execution flows

- Build maps from user-driven functional scripts
- Recording/Playback
  - Record HTTP requests
  - Record JavaScript events
  - Recording Client UI events
- Attacking
  - [Re]Play Flows
  - Auditing HTTP Parameters and HTML Inputs

Next: Automatic Exploration

- Similar paths can be easily enumerated
- JS Static Analysis to find other entry points to paths



For Next Time…

Layered automation-infused testing

Testing must be layered to fully understand the attack surface of the application, including multiple levels of authentication, business logic, data sets.

Concrete metrics & KPIs

In order to concretely prove functional coverage, application surface area coverage, defect remediation and ultimately risk reduction business-oriented metrics and KPIs must be gathered.

Get to it.

Insert cheesy cliché here…

…or you could just go do it.

Rafal Los
Email: Rafal@HP.com
Twitter: @Wh1t3Rabbit
Voice: (765) 247-2325
Blog: http://www.hp.com/go/white-rabbit